Getting Started with the SENCER-SALG

SENCER Summer Institute 2018 Stephen Carroll

Evaluation of Teaching/Learning

- At nearly 80% of US colleges and universities, SETs (Student Evaluations of Teaching) are the primary means of evaluating teaching performance.
- At over 70% of US institutions of higher education, they are the only means of evaluating teaching.

Pair-Share

Find a partner you haven't worked with before and discuss these 2 questions:

What value do you <u>and your students</u> get from student evaluations of teaching?

What would you like to get from your course evaluations?

You have 4 minutes.

Challenges with SETs

- Almost all SETs focus primarily on teacher behavior and/or student satisfaction
- Neither teacher behavior nor student satisfaction are necessarily related to course goals – they are not good proxies for actual student learning
- SETs rarely provide information that helps teachers make <u>specific</u> <u>improvements</u> in their teaching or courses

Challenges with SETs

- The experience of filing out most student course evaluations offers little value to students
- SETs punish instructors who step outside of traditional gender roles
- Most SETs punish innovative teaching even when students recognize that it works!

Learning Assessment for

Courses

Student Assessment of their Learning Gains (SALG)

Free Tools at www.salgsite. org





www.salgsite.org

A powerful new tool for faculty: The Student Assessment of their Learning Gains (SALG) instrument is designed to help faculty improve their teaching. It offers useful feedback on how well aspects of your teaching helped your students learn and what progress they made toward your course learning goals.

Focuses on learning gains: The SALG is based on Elaine Seymour's finding that student's assessments of what they gained are more reliable and informative than their observations about what they liked about the course—or about you as their teacher.

Puts pedagogy first: The first part of the SALG instrument asks students how effectively aspects of the course helped them leam. Six sections cover course design, class activities, graded assignments, resources, information given to students about the course, and support for students as learners.

Why SALG?

- SALG was designed specifically to avoid the problems mentioned above
- SALG provides detailed, meaningful feedback to teachers about the value and efficacy of their teaching and guides improvements in teaching and learning
- SALG is based on learning research
- SALG was designed to promote metacognition in students

Why SALG?

- ► SALG protects teachers from career damage by SET instruments that focus on student satisfaction and have scant relevance to student learning gains
- SALG was created to promote and support thoughtful, effective teaching and its systematic, rational improvement
- SALG provides meaningful evidence of student learning that can be used to support cases for promotion and tenure

Why SALG?

- SALG is a valid, reliable instrument that has been in use and ongoing development since 1997
- SALG is used by over 17,000 college and university instructors
- **SALG is FREE!**
- SALG is accepted as evidence of student learning by many accrediting bodies, including WASC

SALG Basic Principles

- You measure teaching effectiveness in terms of the specific stated goals of the course
- Students have something valuable to tell us about what they learned in our class and what helped them learn it (and what didn't)
- Students should benefit from evaluating teaching: reflecting on their learning helps make them more conscious learners

SALG Structure

- 2 Main parts:
 - Learning goals (4 question sections)
 - Pedagogy (6 questions)
- The first 4 questions focus on **learning goals**:
 - <u>U</u>nderstanding
 - <u>S</u>kills
 - Affective gains
 - Integrations (or Habits)

(Mnemonic= USA-1)

SALG Structure

- The second six questions focus on pedagogy:
 - Course design
 - Class activities
 - Graded assignments
 - Resources
 - Meta-information
 - Support for the individual learner

Validity & Flexibility

- The stem questions and the scales they use are fixed to preserve the validity and identity of the SALG (and to make it useful as a research instrument)
- But since evaluation always has to be in terms of stated goals and those goals are always specific, the SALG was designed to encourage instructors to adapt it specifically to their own courses.
- It remains valid after you adapt it to your course and learning goals

Question Title	Question Type						Move/Delete
Your understanding of class content							_
As a result of your work in this class, what GAINS DID YOU MAKE in your UNDERSTANDING of each of the following?	Add sub	question					
1.1 The main concepts explored in this class edit	no gains	a little gain	moderate gain ©	good gain	great gain	not applicable ©	↓ delete
1.2 The relationships between the main concepts edit	no gains	a little gain	moderate gain	good gain	great gain	not applicable ©	↑↓ delete
1.3 The following concepts that have been explored in this class edit	Add sub question					↑ ↓ delete	
1.3.1 (Concept 1) [Fill In] edit	no gains	a little gain	moderate gain	good gain	great gain	not applicable ©	↓ delete
1.3.2 (Concept 2) [Fill in] <u>edit</u>	no gains	a little gain	moderate gain	good gain	great gain	not applicable ©	↑ ↓ delete
1.3.3 (Concept 3) [Fill in] <u>edit</u>	no gains	a little gain	moderate gain	good gain	great gain	not applicable ©	↑ delete
1.4 How ideas from this class relate to ideas encountered in other classes within this subject area edit	no gains ©	a little gain	moderate gain	good gain	great gain	not applicable	↑↓ delete
1.5 How ideas from this class relate to ideas encountered in classes outside of this subject area edit	no gains	a little gain	moderate gain	good gain	great gain	not applicable	↑ ↓ delete
1.6 How studying this subject area helps people address real world issues edit	no gains	a little gain	moderate gain	good gain	great gain	not applicable	↑↓ delete

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SALG Scheduling

- Baseline survey near the beginning of the term assesses students' current level of achievement in relation to course learning goals
- SALG survey at the end of the term measures learning gains (improvements relative to course learning goals)
- Can also run SALG surveys as midterm surveys

Analytical Capabilities

- Detailed statistics about student responses: N, Mean, Std Dev, Mode, # at Mode, etc.
- Histograms for each question set
- Aggregated statistics for multiple instruments
- Cross-tabs
- Simple text coding for qualitative analysis
- Entire analysis can be downloaded into Excel

English 179 Learning Objectives

- Think rhetorically about any and all types of business communications and develop appropriate communications strategies based on your analyses
- Communicate effectively with all relevant business audiences in a variety of contexts, deliberately varying style, tone, arguments and means of communication as appropriate
- Write logically structured, comprehensible documents
- Write clear, concise prose
 - using appropriate formats, and
 - following contemporary, context-appropriate rules of grammar and usage
- Speak appropriately and effectively to individuals and small groups in a variety of contexts with differing degrees of formality
- Collaborate effectively in group problem-solving and document production (even when you are not able to meet face-to-face)
- Exhibit good judgment by making well-considered and helpful decisions even when guidance and available resources are inadequate or unhelpful
- Control all facets of your ethos strategically and effectively in all public and business interactions

Department SALG

- Department admin can make templates with locked questions related to departmental learning goals
- Faculty using templates cannot modify locked questions, but can control everything else
- After the survey, department admin gets data <u>for locked questions only</u>; instructors get all data back

Inspiration



What Teachers Make

Thank You!

www.salgsite.org

scarroll@scu.edu